

# Census flow data workshop

Handout instructions #1

Retrieving 2011 census flow data using WICID and analysing it in Excel

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#### Getting started

- Start up a browser
- Screenshots of process



#### Flow data website

- For quicker access you can also follow the link to
  - <u>https://wicid.ukdataservice.ac.uk/</u>
- Technically, WICID is just one part of our site
  - It is the most commonly used part
  - We are sometimes collectively referred to as 'WICID'
- WICID is an acronym
  - Web Interface to Census Interaction Data

# Flow data homepage (i)

- Three main routes to data
  - Flexible queries



# WICID Query builder

- The WICID general query builder allows users to identify and extract a subset of flows in which they are interested
  - It also provides built-in support for area code labelling
  - Select 'WICID the flexible query builder' button



#### Login screen

 For use with OGL/Public data, we can use 'Standard Login'



Census Support: WICID Login

 Registered access offers open data AND safeguarded data

Select 'Standard login'

Standard login (public access datasets)

Start a new session - no username or password required

Registered access for academic and most other users



Login using Shibboleth / UK Federated Access Management

### WICID query home page

- The query builder steps you through the selection of data and of areas of interest
- A traffic light metaphor is used in the icons to show how far you have progressed through the query
- We start with data selection; there are several ways of selecting data
- Click on the **'Data**' tab

### WICID query home page



#### WICID data selection

- There are three main forms of data selection
  - Using Nomis table-finder
  - Quick selection provides access to various totals
  - Selection by dataset and table browse through all tables
  - Selection by variable find tables featuring a preferred variable
  - We will start with the 'Quick selection' mode...



#### WICID: Quick data selection

- The quick selection method lists a number of totals
- For some data sets, there is more than one total offered
  - As shown in the previous slide, data sets for which you do not currently have permission are shown grayed out
- Select the total '2011 SMS Merged LA/LA [Origin and destination of international migrants (expanded country origin)] - MF02UK -Open'
  - This is the same Local Authority level SMS (international migration) data for the UK, and is an 'Open' or public data set
- You will then be shown a confirmation page; click on the 'Select geography origins' button

#### WICID: Quick data selection





Status: 0 data items currently selected [Unselect all] [Show list]

#### **Quick data selection**

	Sample data sets	
Data period	Data set	Total
1991	i Sample data	<u>Total migrants</u>
	Migration data	
Data period	Data set	Total
Census 2010-11	i 2011 SMS Merged LA [Origin and destination of migrants by ethnic group (detailed)] - MU01AEW_all - Safeguarded	All usual residents who were living at a different address one year ago
	i 2011 SMS Merged LA [Origin and destination of migrants by ethnic group (grouped)] - MU01BEW_all - Safeguarded	All usual residents who were living at a different address one year ago
	i 2011 SMS Merged LA [Origin and destination of migrants by passport held (detailed)] - MU06AEW_all - Safeguarded	All usual residents who were living at a different address one year ago
	i 2011 SMS Merged LA [Origin and destination of migrants by passport held (grouped)] - MU06BEW_all - Safeguarded	All usual residents who were living at a different address one year ago
	i 2011 SMS Merged LA [Origin and destination of migrants by passport held by sex] - MM06EW_all - Safeguarded	All usual residents who were living at a different address one year ago
	i 2011 SMS Merged LA [Origin and destination of migrants by religion] - MU05EW_all - Safeguarded	All usual residents who were living at a different address one year ago
	i 2011 SMS Merged LA [Origin and destination of migrants by Welsh language skills] - MU03W_all - Safeguarded	All usual residents in Wales aged 3 and over who were living at a different address one year ago
_	i 2011 SMS Merged LA [Origin and destination of migrants by whether in a wholly moving household] - MU02EW_all - Safeguarded	All usual household residents who were living at a different address one year ago
	i 2011 SMS Merged LA/LA [Origin and destination of international migrants (expanded country origin)] - MF02UK - Open	<u>All usual residents who were living outside the UK one year ago</u>
_	i 2011 SMS Merged LA/LA [Origin and destination of international migrants by age (broad grouped) by sex] - MM01CUK - Open	<u>All usual residents who were living outside the UK one year ago</u>
	i 2011 SMS Merged LA/LA [Origin and destination of migrants by age (broad grouped) by sex] - MM01CUK_all - Open	<u>All usual residents who were living at a different address one year ago</u>
	i 2011 SMS Merged LA/LA [Origin and destination of migrants by age (grouped - mid) by sex (including those aged under 1)] - MM01BUK_all - Safeguarded	All usual residents who were living at a different address one year ago (including those aged under 1)
	i 2011 SMS Merged LA/LA [Origin and destination of migrants by age (grouped) by sex] - MM01AUK_all - Safeguarded	All usual residents who were living at a different address one year ago
	i 2011 SMS Merged LA/LA [Origin and destination of migrants by age (grouped)] - MU01BUK_all - Open	<u>All usual residents who were living at a different address one year ago</u>

#### Data selection – confirmation page





E·S·R·

### WICID: Geography selection

- As with selecting data, there are various ways of selecting areas
  - Sometimes we want to select many areas, sometimes only a few...
- Quick selection: select all areas in a given geography
- List selection: select from a list of choices
- Type-in selection: enter a full or wild-carded name
- Map selection: select desired areas through a modern interactive environment (only available for 2011 data).
- For this practical, select 'Quick Selection'

WIC	CID: (	Geograp	hy selec	tion	Sele	ct 'Quick selectior
UK Data Service Census Support	[ <u>Home</u> ] > <u>Query</u> : <b>Logged in as</b> : gu	> <u>Geography</u> > Select origins est [ <u>Logout now</u> ]	•			
Flow data tinks Flow data tinks Flow data home Information and Publications Available Data Downloads Contact us News FAQs Credits Support Accessibility statement Feedback Help	WICID    Date      Origins    >      General selection toe    >      Quick selection    >      Ust selection    >      Copy selection    >      Type-in box    >      Postcode selection    >      Map selection    >      Map selection    >	a Ceography Finalise Finalise Ceography Finalise Finalise Ceography Finalise Finalise Components Components Set origins to be the same as currently s This method allows you to select areas to to search the whole country by placenal This method allows you to select an area This method allows you to select an area	Run Output Status: 0 origins currently selected [Unselect all][Show list of selected are as in a particular geography in one go. rour selected geography. It is useful if you of elected destinations, or <i>vice versa</i> . by typing their sequence numbers, OPCS of me. a by typing in its postcode. At present only via a map interface. *NEW for 2011 data*	as] do not know the code numbers to use the ty codes or names into a text box. It is quick if y r a limited set of geography types are directly	ype-in method; but the list is cumbersome you already know the OPCS codes of areas y selectable.	Switch to selection of destinations
	Manipulation tools C Edit list Help	Edit a list of selected areas. This option v	will become active when you select some a	areas.		

Census Support Flow Data (formerly The Centre for Interaction Data Estimation and Research), now based at UCL forms part of the UK Data Service Census Support Service, and provides access to Census Interaction Data through services running at the University of Essex







# Example of geography selection

- We are going to use the **quick selection** approach
- You will be shown a list of all known geographies
- Those that are not compatible with your current data selection (or, can only be used with data to which you do not have access) will be greyed out
- The geographies supported for the selected data will be on top and will be selectable
- Notice the icon next to the available geographies.
  - The green flag indicates that the geography is natively supported. A table may contain multiple native geographies.
- The red cubes indicate that the geography is generated by aggregating flows to a higher level compatible geography so users' won't have to do the conversion themselves.

# Selecting from all known geographies

 Select '2011 SMS Foreign origins – expanded' as origins. Notice that in WICID origins and destinations for migration tables have been swapped to their 'natural' order.

Geography Main Geographies	Number of areas
i 2011 SMS Foreign origins - expanded 🎮	184
i Great Britain <sup>†‡</sup>	1
i GB Countries 1991 <sup>†‡</sup>	3
i GB Standard Regions 1991 <sup>†‡</sup>	10
i GB Counties 1991 <sup>†‡</sup>	67

• Confirm and proceed to destinations. Select quick selection again and then 'UK Location Authorities (merged) 2011'

Geography	Number of areas
Main Geographies	
i UK Local Authorities (merged) 2011 🎮	404
i 2011 English Regions plus rest of UK 🗞	12
i Great Britain <sup>†‡</sup>	1
i GB Countries 1991 <sup>†‡</sup>	3
i GB Standard Regions 1991 <sup>†‡</sup>	10

#### Output: extracting records

- Our query is now ready we have identified data and geography that we want to use, but we have not yet executed the query
- Click on the 'Produce output' button
- The 'Run' screen allows us to carry out the query
- It also has a number of other options to store the query (if we are logged in) and to modify it – we'll ignore these for today
- Click the 'Run your query' icon
- This loads a new page after the query is complete; from here click 'Continue to output pages'
- The three pages that follow visualise the steps above

#### Produce output



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University of Essex



#### About to extract data...



#### Query complete



#### Output options

- The output pages offer two sets of pages
  - Tabular output: for viewing and downloading extracted data
  - Analysis pages: for carrying out certain tests
- We'll look at tabular output
- Click the 'Tabular output' icon



### Tabular output planner

- The planner allows you to choose the form of output, and then preview and download output
- There are several output styles
  - Matrix output: creates an origin-destination matrix
  - Pair-list output: creates a set of output records, with one line for each origin-destination pair (similar format to the download files)
  - Framework layout: creates a separate table for each pair of origin and destination areas
- We will look at the matrix mode
- Leave all options as they are and make sure 'comma separated values' is selected in the 'output format' section.
- Click the 'Preview Output and Download' button

#### Planning tabular output

Data Geography E Finalise

Tabular output - plan

This page allows you to alter the characteristics of the output.

Data items to output

WICID

You currently have 1 items selected for output

Change selection of variables to output.

Layout options

Run

Output

#### **Output layout**

Origin - destination matrix

O Origin - destination pair list [Advanced settings...]

- O Published table frameworks [Advanced settings...]
- Export data (fast but inflexible)

#### Output format

O HTML table [Advanced settings...] Comma separated values Preview Output and Download

#### Options



General options

#### **Origin and destination labels**

Current labels to use in output [Change]

UK Local Authorities (merged) 2011:LA label 2011 SMS Foreign origins - expanded:Country/ies label

#### Preview output

- The preview screen shows part of the output data
- You can then decide whether to display (or download) the whole table, or whether to modify the appearance
- The default output uses place names, but you can add area codes as well
- For the purposes of this practical, leave the labels as is.

### Full output

- When you are happy with the preview, you can view the data on screen or download
- Output is formatted as either HTML or comma separated values (CSV)
- CSV is recommended for import into Excel etc., or for use with statistical packages etc.
- Click on the 'Download output file'

#### Full output



#### Download data

🕒 Tabular output down		
← → C 🗋 http	s://wicid.ukdataservice.ac.uk/cider/wicid/output/tabular/output_tab_dload.php	
UK Data Service Census Support	[Home] > Query > Output > Tabular output > Download	
	Logged in as: guest [Logout now]	ľ
Flow >>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	WICID Data Geography Finalise Run Output	
Flow data links Flow data home Information and Publications Available Data Downloads Contact us News FAQs Credits	Tabular output download File download details Filename wicid_output.csv Download now	
Support Accessibility statement Feedback Help		

#### Click the **'Download now'** button to download the data

#### Output in WICID. Open data in Excel Open the CSV file in Microsoft Excel

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27 Cyprus (Et	9	8	3	24	8	8	18	3	14	44	3	37	8 12	2 44	36	168	3 12	2 145	29	11	15	4	8 54	27	18	36	8	28	
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31 Latvia	8	7	0	3	2	21	36	15	25	184	9	91 5	7 39	32	203	165	5 3	3 38	22	43	7		7 97	15	46	35	0	31	
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33 Malta	0	4	0	0	0	1	1	7	5	1		4	2 (	) 4	0	8	3 2	2 11	1	3	10	1	.8 7	4	2	6	0	4	
34 Poland	26	54	6	23	72	28	119	117	89	466	10	08 7	9 194	192	181	. 503	3 2	2 532	282	229	103	13	8 401	91	106	134	56	205	
35 Romania	4	6	7	17	26	1	13	4	12	51	1	14	4 5	5 37	12	. 84	1 2	2 66	30	9	16	2	6 105	22	35	92	8	44	
36 Slovakia	1	8	0	2	3	12	130	7	5	57		3	1 14	1 9	36	i 44	1 1	1 37	22	6	18		8 29	17	19	11	6	6	
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- While in cell B194, start typing =LARGE(
- Using your keyboard arrow keys go up to B189 which is the last row with data. Press CTRL+Shift+UP simultaneously and Excel will select all rows up to the top.
- We don't want the 5 top rows as they do not contain any census data.
  While holding Shift key use your down arrow until the selection reaches B6.
- The formula should now be =LARGE(B6:B189. Large function accepts a final argument which allows to select the first largest, second largest etc. Type ,1) and press Enter.
- The complete formula must be **=LARGE(B6:B189,1)** and the result in B194 should be **26**.

- We need to find an easy way to repeat this formula for all columns.
- Click on any column in row 189 (the last row containing data). While holding CTRL use the right arrow key. The active cell should now be the last one OO189.
- Move your cursor a bit further down to **OO194** which is the same row with the formula we created earlier. Type anything in, e.g. a number like 1. Press **CTRL+Left key** and the cursor should be move back to our formula cell **B194**.

- Use **CTRL+SHIFT+Right key** to select all columns in row 194 up to column OO.
- Press F2 to enter Edit mode and Excel will automatically move the cursor back to B194 while keeping the cells selection active. Use CTRL+Enter to apply the formula. All columns in row 194 should now contain the largest number for each column (local authority).
- Repeat the process in B195 finding the second largest head count. The initial formula should be =LARGE(B6:B189,2).
   Expand the formula to OO195 as before.

A	В	C	D	E	F	G	н		J	K	L	M	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	AA	AB	AC
158 Bolivia	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0
159 Brazil	0	3	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	3	4	3	3	17	5	20	2	13	2	2	1	6	43	0	9	4	1	59
160 Chile	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	7	3	4	1	17	0	1	0	15	22	0	1	7	0	5
161 Colombia	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	3	0	0	1	11	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	11	16	0	5	4	0	41
162 Ecuador	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	5	0	0	1	3	3	0	4	0	1	0	1	2	0	1	1	0	0
163 Guyana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	3	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
164 Peru	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	3	3	1	0	3	1	0	0	4	1	1	1	1	12	1	1	0	0	6
165 Uruguay	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
166 Venezuel	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	2	3	0	0	1	26
167 Other Sou	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	5	3	8	8	0	4
168 Antigua ar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
169 Bahamas,	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
170 Barbados	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	8	0	0	0	3	3	1	3	3	4	3
171 Cuba	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	0	0
172 Dominica	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
173 Dominicar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4
174 Grenada	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
175 Jamaica	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	12	1	0	30	0	2	1	1	22	0	1	0	3	0
176 Montserra	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
177 St Kitts an	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
178 St Lucia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	5
179 St Vincent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0
180 Trinidad a	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	12	1	0	1	0	1	0	12	0	0	1	2	10	7	1	1	0	0
181 Other Cari	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	2	3	4	3	1	1	11	3	3	5	2	5	1	0	0	4	1	9	11	0	5
182 Antarctica	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
183 Australia	18	27	25	43	29	30	78	26	28	61	118	29	32	180	48	66	16	156	72	23	24	167	432	109	120	107	62	133
184 New Zeala	0	14	12	5	20	14	16	7	14	25	47	12	7	62	37	26	8	62	55	27	6	64	131	50	51	43	9	40
185 Other Aus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
186 Fiji	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	1	0	0	3	0	1
187 Papua Nev	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
188 Other Oce	0	0	0	0	1	10	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0
189 Other	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	1	25	2	0
190 Notes:																												
191																												
192 * Census o	utput is Cro	wn copyrig	ght and is	reproduce	d with the p	ermission	of the Co	ntroller of I	HMSO and t	he Queer	's Printer	for Scotland	Source: 20	011 SMS N	lerged LA/I	A [Origin	and destin	nation of i	nternational	migrants (	expande	d country or	igin)] - MFC	2UK - Ope	n			
193																												
194	26	145	37	47	72	31	130	129	90	466	135	79	194	573	203	1033	37	1073	282	229	206	261	486	137	170	134	65	228
195	18	137	25	43	65	30	119	117	89	435	119	57	188	239	181	989	31	532	122	100	128	255	480	109	130	111	62	224
196																												

- We now need to match the numbers to the countries. For this purpose we will use a slightly more complex Excel formula.
- We will combine two Excel functions into one formula:
  - **INDEX**: returns a value based on the intersection of a row and column position within a given range
  - MATCH: returns the relative position of an item within a given range

 Go to cell B196 and type in the following formula: =INDEX(\$A\$6:\$A\$189,MATCH(B194,B6:B189,0))

An array of values that contain the labels of the countries.

Notice the dollar sign. It instructs Excel to treat the values as fixed. It can become especially handy in situations when we want to apply auto-fill but want to keep this part of the formula fixed. **B194** is the look-up value which we want to match against the look-up array.

**B6:B189** is the look-up array defined as a range of cells.

**0** is the match type. Zero tells Excel to find the first value that is exactly equal to look-up value.

- Apply the auto-fill for formula in B196 in the exact same way as we did before to find the largest number.
- Go to cell B197 and repeat the process with B195 as our look-up value in order to find the second most popular countries of origin. =INDEX(\$A\$6:\$A\$189,MATCH(B195,B6:B189,0))
- Apply the auto-fill

#### Exercises with download data You should now be able to see the top two countries for each local authority.

A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н		J	K	L	М	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	AA	AB
160 Chile	1	. 0	)	0 1	0	0	0	0	0	) 1	0	0	0	7	3		4 1	17	0	1	1 (	1	5 22	0	1	7	C
161 Colombia	0	1	L	0 0	0	0	1	3	0	) 3	0	0	1	11	. 0		20	2	1	(	) (	1	1 16	0	5	4	C
162 Ecuador	0	0	)	0 0	0	0	0	0	1	ι 1	5	0	0	1	. 3	1	3 0	4	0	1	1 (	) (	1 2	0	1	1	C
163 Guyana	0	0	)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	1	. (	0 0	3	3	1	1 (	) (	1 2	0	0	0	C
164 Peru	0	0	)	0 1	0	1	1	0	1	L 3	3	1	0	3	1	. (	0 0	4	1	1	1 1		1 12	1	1	0	C
165 Uruguay	1	. 0	)	0 0	1	0	0	0	0	) 0	0	0	0	0	0	) (	0 0	0	0	(	) (	) (	0 0	0	0	0	C
166 Venezuela	0	1	L	0 4	0	0	0	2		0 0	0	0	0	2	0	) (	0 0	2	0	(	) (	) .	4 2	3	0	0	1
167 Other South America	2	0	)	0 0	1	0	0	1	. 1	l 1	3	2	1	1	C	) (	0 0	2	1	1	1 (	) (	0 5	3	8	8	C
168 Antigua and Barbuda	0	0	)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	) 0	0	0	0	0	0	)	7 0	3	0	1	1 (	) (	0 0	0	0	2	C
169 Bahamas, The	0	0	)	4 0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	2	0	) (	0 0	3	0	(	) 1		0 0	0	0	3	C
170 Barbados	0	0	)	0 2	0	0	1	0	0	0 0	0	1	0	0	C	) 4	4 0	8	0	(	) (	) (	3 3	1	3	3	4
171 Cuba	0	0	)	1 0	0	0	0	0	0	) 0	3	0	0	1	0	) (	0 0	4	0	(	) (	) (	0 1	2	0	2	C
172 Dominica	0	0	)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	) 0	0	0	0	0	C	) (	0 0	0	0	(	) (	) (	0 0	0	0	0	C
173 Dominican Republic	0	0	)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	) 1	0	0	0	6	C	) :	2 0	0	0	(	) (	) (	0 0	0	0	1	1
174 Grenada	0	0	)	0 0	0	0	0	0	1	ι Ο	0	0	0	0	C	) (	0 0	1	0	1	1 (	) (	0 0	0	0	0	C
175 Jamaica	0	0	)	0 1	0	0	1	0	1	ι Ο	0	0	0	5	12	: :	1 0	30	0	2	2 1		1 22	0	1	0	3
176 Montserrat	0	0	)	0 0	0	0	0	5	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	C	) :	3 0	1	0	(	) (	) (	0 0	0	0	0	C
177 St Kitts and Nevis	0	0	)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	) 0	0	0	0	1	C	) (	0 0	0	0	(	) (	) (	0 0	0	0	0	C
178 St Lucia	0	0	)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	) 0	0	0	0	0	C	) :	2 1	0	1	(	) (	)	1 1	0	1	0	C
179 St Vincent and the Gren	0	0	)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	) 1	0	0	0	0	1	. :	1 0	0	0	(	) (	) (	0 0	0	0	8	C
180 Trinidad and Tobago	0	0	)	0 4	1	0	0	0	0	) 0	12	1	0	1	C	) :	1 0	12	0	(	0 1	. :	2 10	7	1	1	C
181 Other Caribbean	0	0	)	2 3	0	0	0	2	. 3	3 4	3	1	1	11	3	: :	3 5	2	5	1	1 (	) (	0 4	1	9	11	C
182 Antarctica	0	0	)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	) 0	0	0	0	0	C	) (	0 0	0	1	(	) (	) (	0 2	0	0	0	C
183 Australia	18	27	7 2	25 43	29	30	78	26	28	3 61	118	29	32	180	48	6	6 16	156	72	23	3 24	16	7 432	109	120	107	62
184 New Zealand	0	14	1	12 5	20	14	16	7	14	4 25	47	12	7	62	37	2	6 8	62	55	27	76	i 6	4 131	50	51	43	9
185 Other Australasia	0	0	)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	) 0	0	0	0	0	0	) (	0 0	0	0	(	) (	) (	0 0	0	0	0	C
186 Fiji	0	0	)	1 0	0	0	0	0	0	) 0	0	0	0	1	C	) (	0 0	0	0	(	) 4	l :	3 1	0	0	3	C
187 Papua New Guinea	0	0	)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	) 0	0	0	0	0	C	) (	0 0	0	0	(	) (	) (	0 0	0	0	2	C
188 Other Oceania	0	0	)	0 0	1	10	0	0	0	) 2	0	0	0	1	0	) (	0 0	0	0	(	) (	) (	1 4	0	0	0	C
189 Other	0	0	)	1 3	0	0	1	0	0	) 0	0	0	0	1	C	) (	0 0	0	0	(	) (	) (	0 3	2	1	25	2
190 Notes:																											
191																											
192 * Census output is Crow	n copyrigh	nt and is re	produced	d with the pe	rmission of	the Contr	oller of HN	/ISO and t	he Queen'	's Printer fo	r Scotland Sc	urce: 201	11 SMS Me	erged LA/L/	A [Origin a	nd destina	ation of inte	ernational	migrants (e	expanded	country or	igin)] - MF	F02UK - Ope	n			
193																											
194 Largest	26	145	5 3	37 47	72	31	130	129	90	466	135	79	194	573	203	103	3 37	1073	282	229	9 206	26	1 486	137	170	134	65
195 Second largest	18	137	/ 2	25 43	65	30	119	117	89	435	119	57	188	239	181	. 98	9 31	532	122	100	128	25	5 480	109	130	111	62
196 Largest	Poland	Libya	Spain (ir	nc Spain (inc	Poland S	pain (inc	Slovakia I	Pakistan	Spain (in	c Poland	Spain (inc P	oland	Poland	China	Latvia	India	Germany	China	Poland	Poland	India	China	Spain (ind	Spain (inc I	India	Poland Sp	pain (ind
197 Second largest	Spain (inc	India	United S	StaAustralia	Germany A	Australia	Poland I	Poland	Poland	China	United Stata	atvia	Lithuania	Germany	Poland	China	United Sta	Poland	Lithuania	Germany	Pakistan	France	China	Australia I	United Sta	Spain (inc Au	ustralia
198																											