

Getting started with secondary data analysis

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Using secondary quantitative data

Nigel de Noronha





Overview

- What is secondary data?
- Methodology of reusing data
- Quantitative and qualitative examples
 - Key issues in re-using data
 - Key resources available
 - Activities
- Q&A

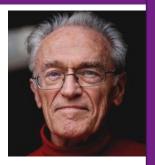
What is secondary data?

Data collector









Data Sharing



Secondary analyst



Secondary research

Re-analysis (can be for a different purpose)

Primary research

Data collection & analysis for planned purpose

Pros and cons of re-using data

Pros

Access datasets impossible to create

Cost effective

Ethical issues about data collection dealt with

No need to re-contact data subjects

Reuse data used by others to make claims

Cons

Do not have insider understanding of data and data collection

Effort to get to know the data

Ethical issues about data use to consider

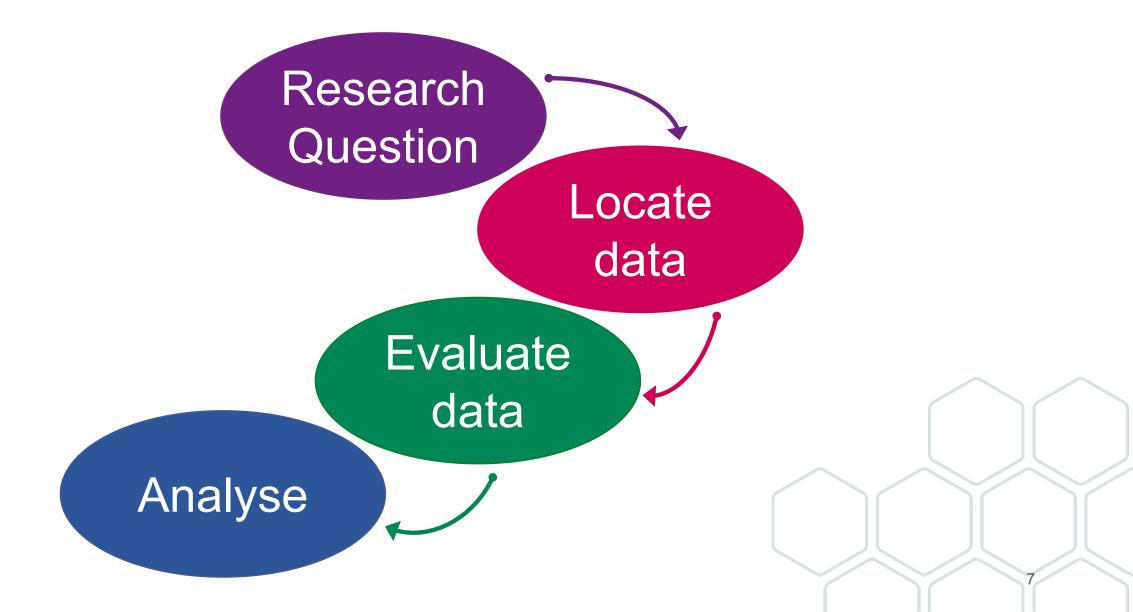
Data may not match research question

Cannot extend studies

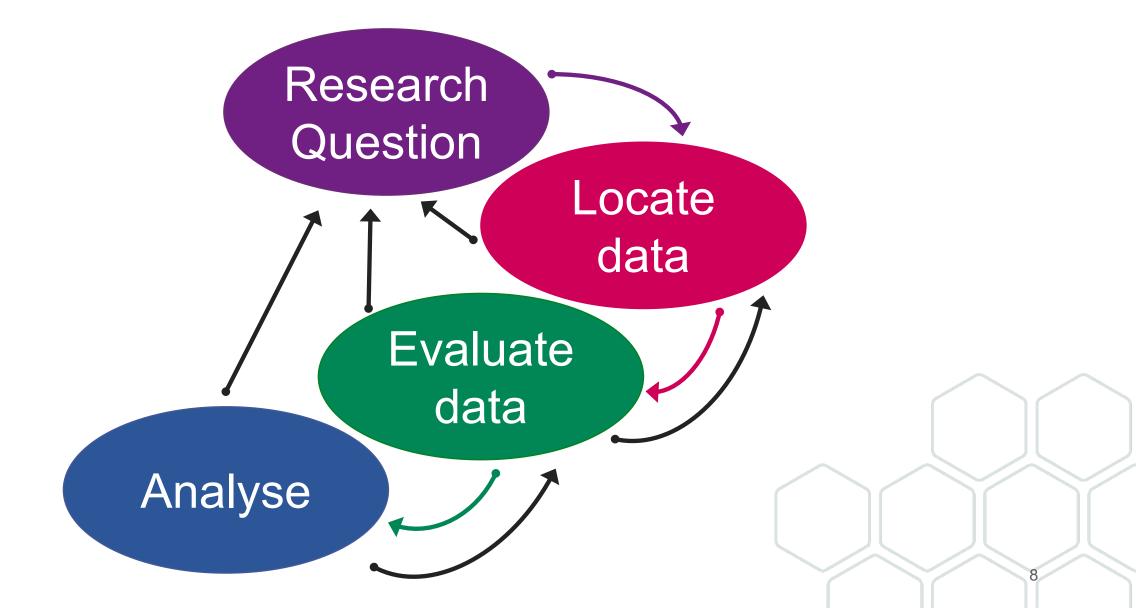
Researchers reusing data need to:

- Make effort to understand the data
- Be pragmatic about whether data are good enough for your purpose

Research plans ...



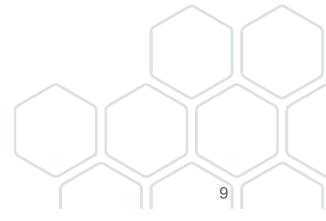
... often involve repeating steps



How to find data

- UKDS catalogue search
- Theme pages
- Past webinars
- Further videos coming soon





Making sense of your data

To understand data and it's suitability for your research you must understand...

- what information was collected
- from whom
- when and where
- any changes to the raw data before being archived

Use the documentation

- User Guides
- Questionnaires
- Interview Schedules

Plus a variety of other resources

Quantitative data

- What data is available?
- Case study
- Demo What sorts of documentation are available?
- Key issues

Quantitative data by type of analysis

| Type of analysis | Type of data |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Individuals, families, households, businesses : one point in time | Cross-sectional surveys |
| Individuals, families, households, businesses : multiple points in time | Repeated cross-sections |
| Individuals, families, households: over time | Longitudinal data |
| Small geographic areas | Census aggregate data, flow data |
| Comparing countries (over time) | International time series |

Case Study: Crime Survey for England and Wales (formerly the British Crime Survey)

- Example of a repeated cross-sectional survey
- Important source of information about crime (crime statistics independent from police records)
- Annual survey
- n≈35,000 individuals aged 16+ and 3,000 aged 10-15
- Victim of a crime in the previous 12 months
- Covers demographics, attitudes to the police and the CJS

Case Study: Crime Survey for England and Wales

Data stored as individual anonymised records

| | rowlabel | split | sex | yrsarea | work2 |
|---|-----------|------------------|--------|------------|-------|
| 1 | 137068050 | A (Experiences o | Female | 20 years o | Yes |
| 2 | 147461190 | C (Crime preven | Female | 10 years b | No |
| 3 | 137116250 | A (Experiences o | Female | 20 years o | No |
| 4 | 147354190 | C (Crime preven | Female | 20 years o | Yes |
| 5 | 137061230 | C (Crime preven | Female | 20 years o | No |
| 6 | 136898230 | C (Crime preven | Female | 20 years o | No |
| 7 | 135507330 | A (Experiences o | Male | 10 years b | Yes |

Different levels of access

- A standard End User Licence (download after registering)
- Secure Access (for sensitive information)

Hind Khalifeh et al (2013)

Examined violence against people with disability in England & Wales

- British Crime Survey 2009/10
- introduction of disability measures
- (a special licence version of the data)
- n = 46,398 adults 16+
- 9,037 had at least one limiting disability

Hind Khalifeh et al (2013) – Findings

Adjusting for age, sex, socio-economic characteristics...

- disability increases risk of experiencing violence
- levels of victimisation highest amongst those with mental health problems
- estimated 116,000 victims of violence attributable to disability

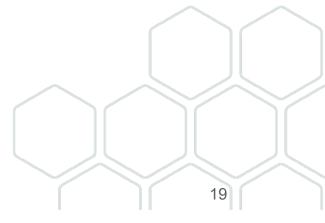
Sampling considerations

- Surveys are based on samples
- •Is the sample representative?
 - Who is included (adults, those in private address)?
 - Response rate and bias
 - Do you need to apply a weight to make the data representative?

Sampling considerations – sample size

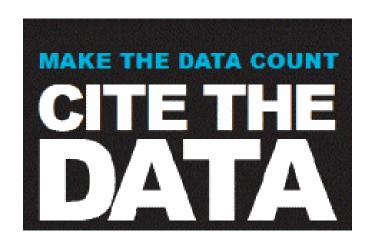
Do I have enough cases to make a precise estimate?

Important for small sub-populations



Cite the Data

- Citations provided for every record and dataset
- Use the UK Data Service citation tool to copy and paste the correct citation



Citation and copyright

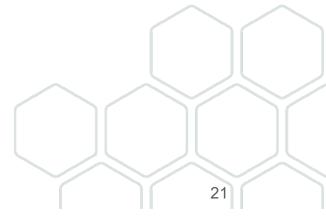
The citation for this study is:

NatCen Social Research. (2014). *British Social Attitudes Survey, 2013*. [data collection]. UK Data Service. SN: 7500, http://doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-7500-1

Who was asked what?

 Computer Aided Interviewing (CAI) makes it easy to send respondents through the questionnaire by different routes

 Many questions may only be applicable to some of the sample



Who was asked what...

FLEX10

Some people have special working hours arrangements that vary daily or weekly. In your (main) job is your agreed working arrangement any of the following... Code up to 3

- flexitime (flexible working hours),
- an annualised hours contract.
- term-time working,
- job sharing,
- a nine-day fortnight,
- a four-and-a-half day week,
- zero hours contract.
- on-call working, or
- none of these?

ONS ✓ GOV ✓

SPL 🗸

EUL ✓

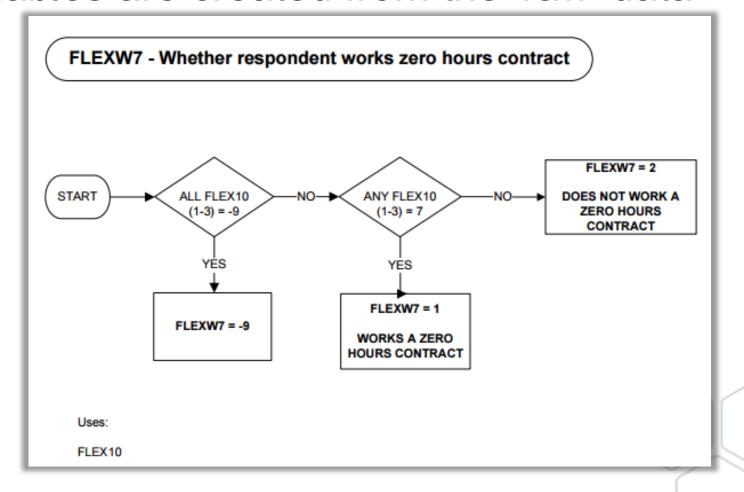
Applies if in work during reference week

IF (Wrking=Yes) OR (JbAway=Yes) OR (OwnBus=Yes) OR (RelBus=Yes) OR (TYPSCH12=1,2,3,5.8) On a government training scheme considered as employment OR ((TYPSCH12=9) AND (YTETJB=Yes)) OR (YTETJB=Yes) Doing paid work in addition to this particular government training scheme

UK W1/EQ MAIN AW/AJ and OD RUNNING PROMPT

What was done with the data collected?

derived variables are created from the 'raw' data



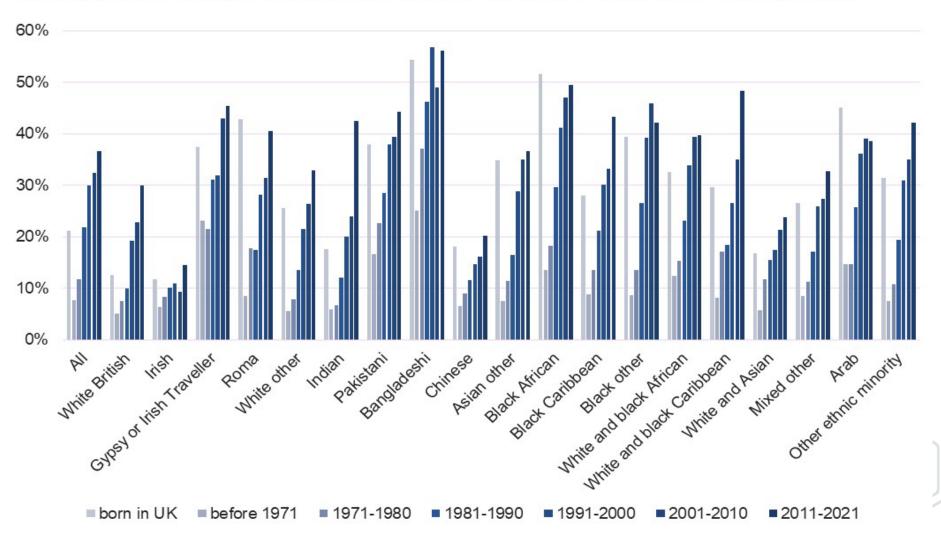
Census data

We also provide access to data from the 2021 census for England and Wales, Northern Ireland and the 2022 census for Scotland when they are available. The data available is:

- Aggregate data univariate and multivariate defined tables
- Boundary data for census geographies
- Microdata safeguarded sample of individual census returns
- Flow data safeguarded data on commuting, migration, student termtime and home address and second addresses.

Housing deprivation by ethnicity and year of arrival in the UK

Custom dataset: Housing deprivation by ethnicity and year of arrival in the UK for London



25



Using secondary qualitative data

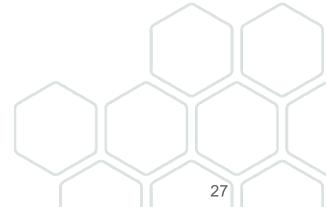
Maureen Haaker





Reusing qualitative data

- Types of qualitative data reuse
- Case study: School Leavers Study
- Browsing and searching for data with QualiBank
- Key issues
 - Re-contextualisation



Many ways of re-using data

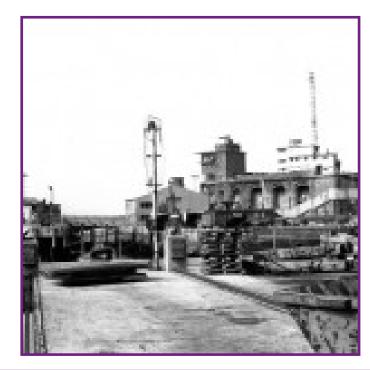
1. Description

- See more data, not limited to published extracts
- 2. Research design and methodological advancement
 - Study sampling, data collection methods, topics guides
- 3. Reanalysis
 - A research question different to the original research
- 4. Restudy
 - Replicate and compare

SN 4867: School Leavers Study

Principal investigator: Ray Pahl

In 1978, teachers at a comprehensive school on the Isle of Sheppey were asked to set an essay about 10 days before pupils were due to leave school. They were then asked to write an imaginary account of their life over the next 30 or 40 years.



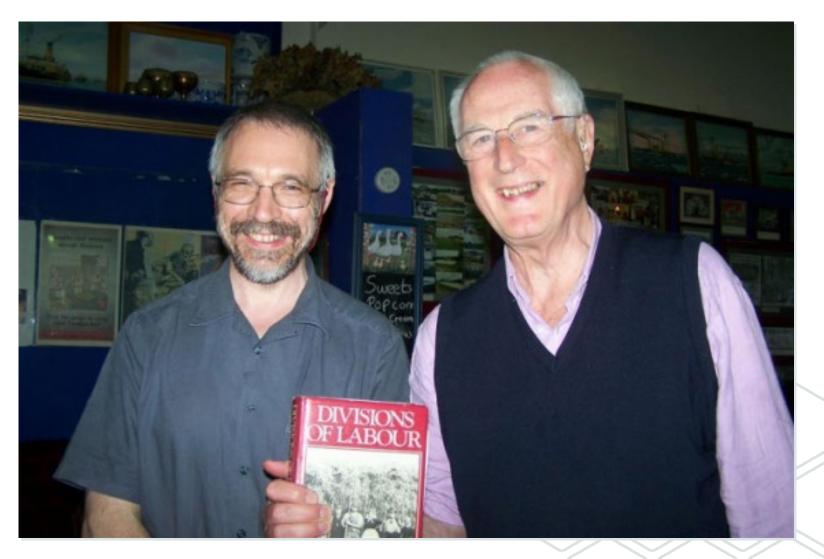


School Leavers Re-Study: Imagining the Future

Principal Investigators:

Graham Crow (University of Kent) &

Dawn Lyon (University of Southampton)



School Leavers Re-Study

Essay instructions 2010: Imagining the Future:

I want you to imagine that you are towards the end of your life. Look back over your life and say what happened to you. Spread your story over your whole life from the time of leaving school.

Sheppey: Essay 30

Group: Boys

My Past

I was sitting in front of the fire smoking my pipe, just thinking of the past. I was nearly seventeen when I left school, I had an apprenticeship in the Tudor Glass, an electrical apprenticeship lasting four years, I served my four years and got my diploma for an electrical engineer. I was now twenty and courting a rearly lovely girl. I had to work in London in my next job and came back home every weekend. Jobs were scarce so you had to take what you can get, I didn't want to go to London,

Living and Working on Sheppey study

1978: 141 essays (89 boys and 52 girls)

Living without a job: how school leavers see the future

2009-10: 110 essays (55 boys and 55 girls)

Living and Working on Sheppey project

Together, these two sets of essays shed light on the aspirations of Sheppey's young people (and young people more generally) and cover a range of topics including:

Health, Education, Career, Family and Leisure

Comparing the responses from 1978 and 2010

1978

Mundane & grounded jobs; gradual career progression; periods of unemployment.

2010

Well-paid, instantaneous jobs; choice but uncertainty; influence of celebrity culture.

"It was hard finding a job, I failed a few chances, but eventually got what I wanted locally, a craft apprenticeship." (Essay 27, male)

"I was 20 now living the dream I had a amazing band...I had toured the world 3 times sold 4 million records." (Essay 30, male)

"When we found a house it was a semi-detached in Sittingbourne. I wanted to live in Italy but that was asking for too much." (Essay 56, male)

"I arrive at my 3-bedroom luxury villa; I land my helicopter on my own heli-pad and walk inside. I grab my keys and jump in my Bentley Continental GTS." (Essay 40, male)

"I longed for something exciting and challenging. But yet again I had to settle for second best. I began working in a large clothes factory." (Essay 104, female)

"In my future I want to become either: a dance teacher, hairdresser, or a Professional Show Jumper/horse rider. If I do become a dancer my dream would be to dance for Beyoncé or someone really famous." (Essay 61, female) 33

http://www.livingandworkingonsheppey.co.uk/

Search

Search

Living and Working on Sheppey



Welcome to this website where you can find material from two research projects about the Isle of Sheppey!

Our latest work (2013-14) is a project called **Imagine Sheppey** which is about how young people imagine the future. This builds on our previous work in **Living and Working on Sheppey: Past, Present and Future** (2009-11) where we explored the history and changes in working lives on Sheppey in the last decades of the 20th century and into the 21st. You can find out about both projects here!

If you are curious about young people and wonder about how they see the world and themselves within it, and what they imagine their futures have in store for them, you might be interested in:

- Our Imagine Sheppey Fast Forward video made by the artists, Tea coming soon!
- Reading and listening to short essays written by young people in 2009-10 where they talk

Home

Imagine Sheppey Fast Forward

Fast Forward Workshops

Imagine Sheppey Fast Forward Video

Living and Working on Sheppey

Older people's memories

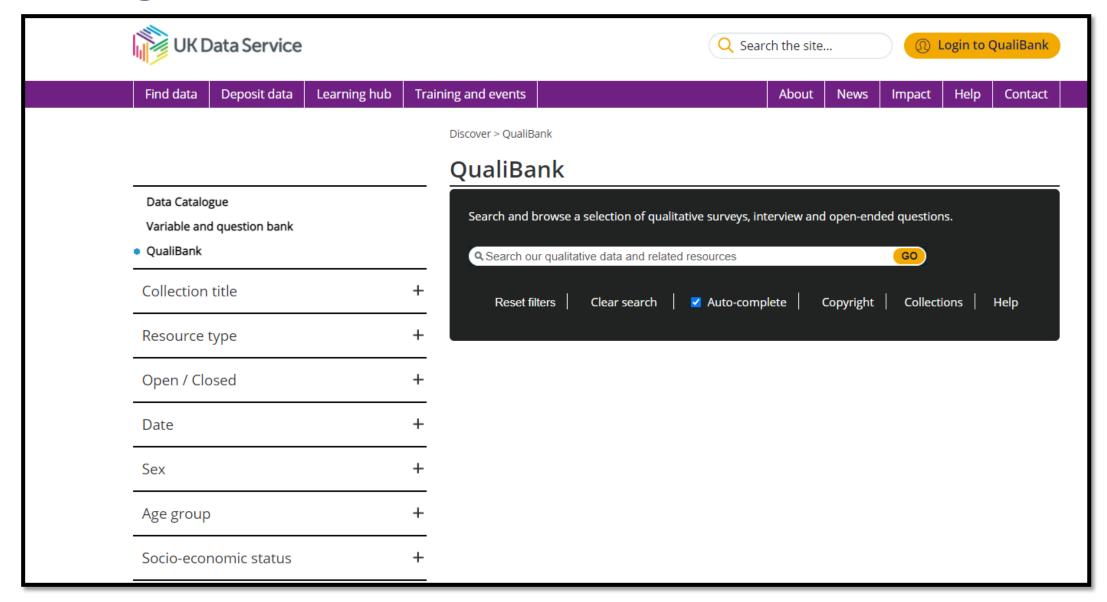
Young people and the future

1978 Essay Writers Facebook Page

Ray Pahl's Sheppey Studies

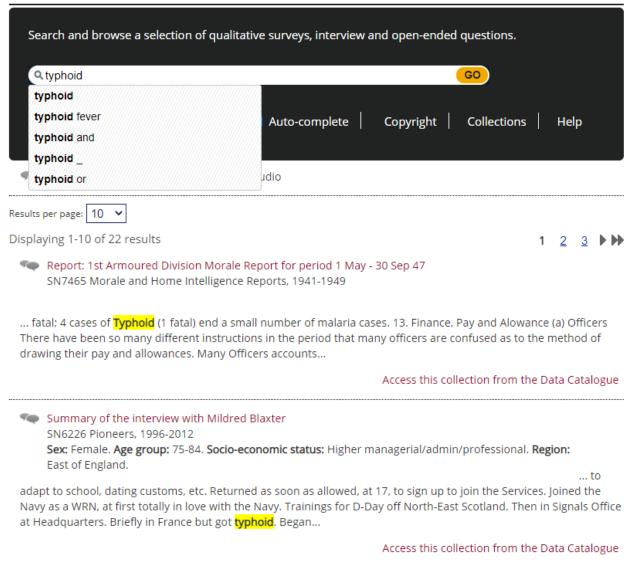
Access to data

Finding Qualitative Data



Data Catalogue Variable and question bank QualiBank Collection title Resource type Open / Closed Date Sex Age group Socio-economic status Region

QualiBank



Interview with Mrs. Omison

scover

riable and question bank

ualiBank

eate citation

External resources | Collection documentation

Access this collection from the Data Catalogue

DETAILS

Collection ID (SN): 2000

Title: Family Life and Work Experience Before 1918, 1870-1973

Principal investigator: Thompson, P., University of Essex. Department of Sociology

Lummis, T., University of Essex. Department of Sociology

Sex: Female
Age group: 75-84
Socio-economic status: Routine
Region: North West

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+ Additional metadata

INTERVIEW TRANSCRIPT

R: 149 Lee Gate, Harwood, Bolton.

I: And your marital status? You're a widow, are you?

R: Yes.

: Can you tell me what year you were married?

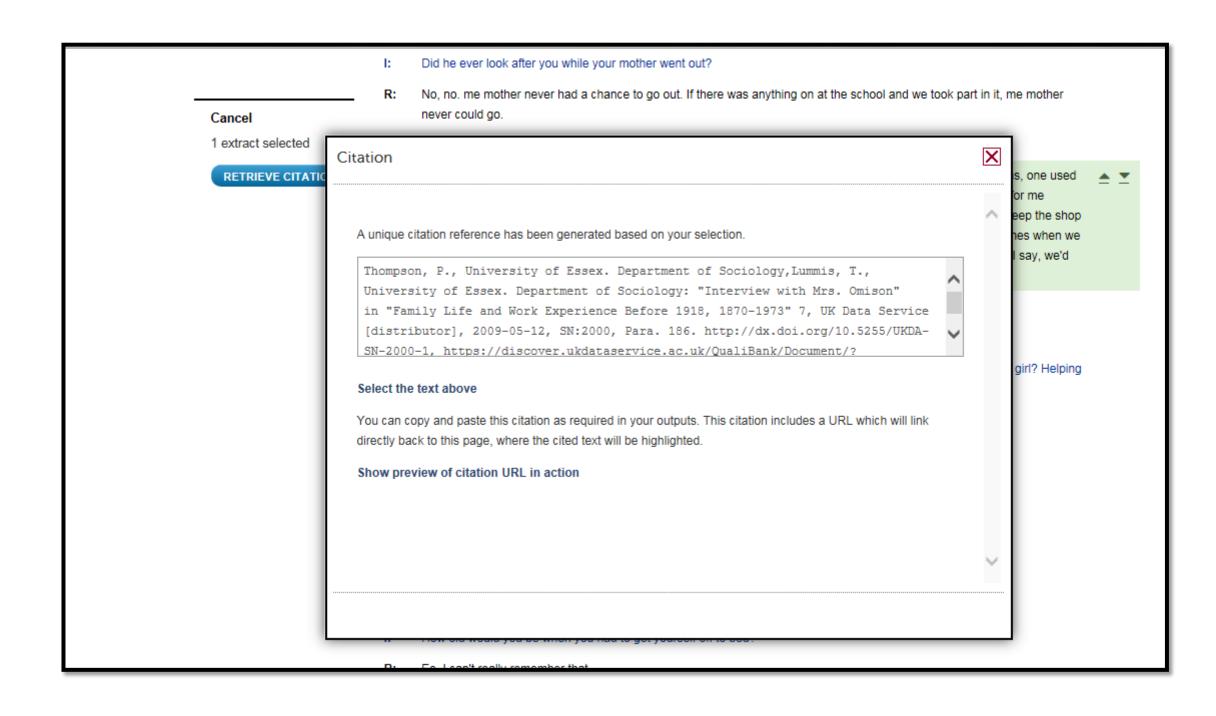
R: June 18th, 1938.

1: And the year when you were born?

| | R: Oh yes, that was done. The Maypole dances. | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| Create citation | I: Where did they have the Maypole? | |
| | R: Well of course I remember St. Osyth Priory - I lived just inside St. Osyth then you see, my father and mother moved from Angers G to - I told you about the barracks - we moved there when I was - not more than about two I suppose. | |
| | I: And you lived on there for quite a while didn't you? | |
| | R: I lived there 'til I got married. Yes. | |
| | I: Why did they make that move? | |
| | R: Well, of course they moved - lived in a house at Angers Green, I don't know who that belonged to but then of course as these barra cottages became vacant I mean the farmer usually put his men in them you see. That was why my father moved 'cos-; | |
| | It wasn't because he changed his employer? | |
| | R: Oh no, the house went with the job you see. | |
| | I: And at St. Osyth in Priory they used to have a Mayday do did they? | |
| | R: Oh yes. Well they had - a lot of big do's there when I was a kid, I mean, I belonged to the Sunday school, I used to have all their treathere - their summer treats you know. And of course the woman then who had it - was a very rich woman you see those days, I mean they had about seventeen gardeners and - and seventeen or eighteen indoor staff. | |
| | RELATED RESOURCES | |
| | Related external resources | |
| | XML TEI Transcript | |
| | XML QuDEx metadata Web Resource: Abstract of the Edwardians book | |
| | | |

Audio extract from Interview with Mr. Keble

Audio extract from Interview with Mr Keble



Getting started

Orient yourself to the original research project

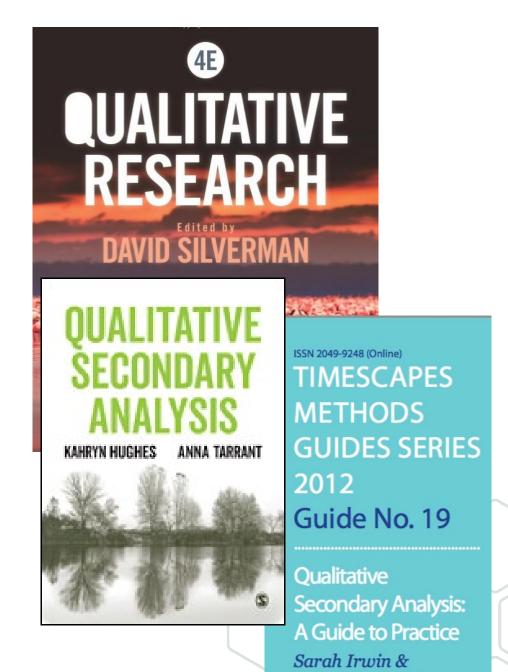
Documentation and metadata

Understand the structure of the original data

- Context at 3 levels
- Sampling and recruitment

Become familiar with the project data as a whole

- Logic of subsampling is volume prohibits reading it all
- Both inductive and deductive strategies can work



Mandy Winterton

Get connected

http://ukdataservice.ac.uk/about-us/contact.aspx

https://www.jiscmail.ac.uk/cgi-bin/webadmin?A0=UKdataservice

https://twitter.com/UKDataService
@UKDataService

https://www.facebook.com/UKDataService

https://www.youtube.com/user/UKDATASERVICE

***Powerpoint slides will be available on our website in due course and you can catch up on the recording on our Youtube channel.

Check out our Twitter for more updates.***





Thank you.

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