

INTRODUCTION TO COPYRIGHT

Hannah Crago
Open Research Development Librarian

Except where otherwise noted, this work by University of Essex Library and Cultural Services is licensed under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International Licence</u>.



OVERVIEW

- Copyright in publishing
- Copyright in teaching
- Common copyright questions



COPYRIGHT IN PUBLISHING

Preparing a manuscript

The journal/publisher will expect you to sort out all the clearance for any third party material, and give appropriate attributions.

COPYRIGHT IN PUBLISHING

How is research published?

- Subscription based journals
- Open Access journals
- Hybrid journals
- Books
- Open Access monographs





SUBSCRIPTION BASED JOURNALS

Usually researchers keep the copyright to the Author's Accepted Manuscript (AAM).

However, there might be restrictions in terms of what you are allowed to do with the content, and there is often an embargo on the AAM.



SUBSCRIPTION BASED JOURNALS

Did you know?

Some journals will allow you to request a change of the copyright agreement so that you can keep all rights to the document.

OPEN ACCESS JOURNALS

Author keeps all rights to their work, including the published version. The journal gets a licence to publish.



HYBRID JOURNALS

A hybrid journal is a subscription-based journal

...with an open access option for single articles

HYBRID JOURNALS

If publishing open access, a CC licence is attached to the work and all rights remain with the author.

If publishing 'traditionally' the copyright is usually transferred to the journal.

OPEN ACCESS JOURNALS

Articles published in an Open Access journal have a CC (Creative Commons) licence.

Icon	Abbreviation	Meaning
© <u>⊕</u>	ВҮ	Reuse allowed as long as the author or licensor gets credit (attribution)
	SA	Licensees are allowed to distribute modified work, but only under the same or 'not more restrictive' licence as the original work
© 0 ®	NC	Reuse is allowed, but only for non-commercial purposes
	ND	No modifications allowed

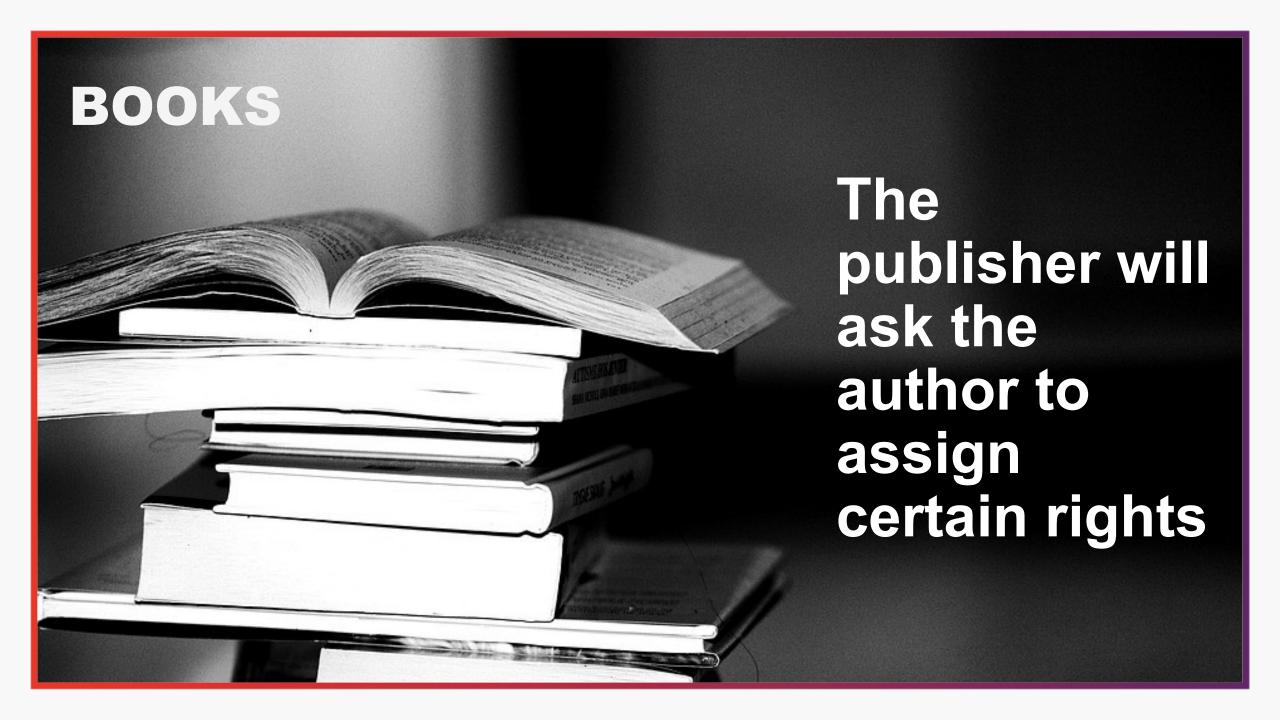
RIGHTS RETENTION

- Funders increasingly asking for open access publication
- Plan S stipulates 3 routes to compliance
- Green OA with zero-month embargo
- Journal and funder mismatch
- Rights retention

RIGHTS RETENTION

"For the purpose of Open Access, the author has applied a CC BY public copyright licence to any Author Accepted Manuscript (AAM) version arising from this submission."





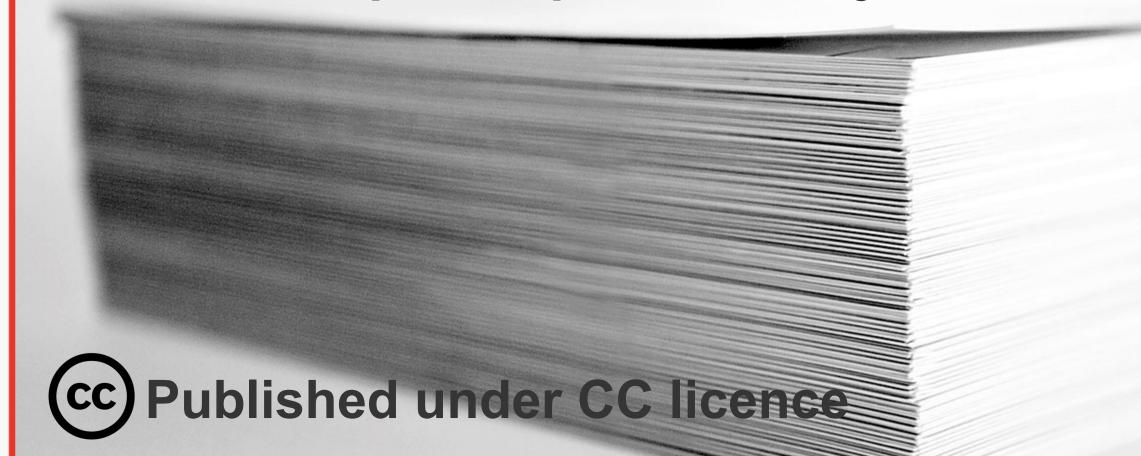
BOOKS

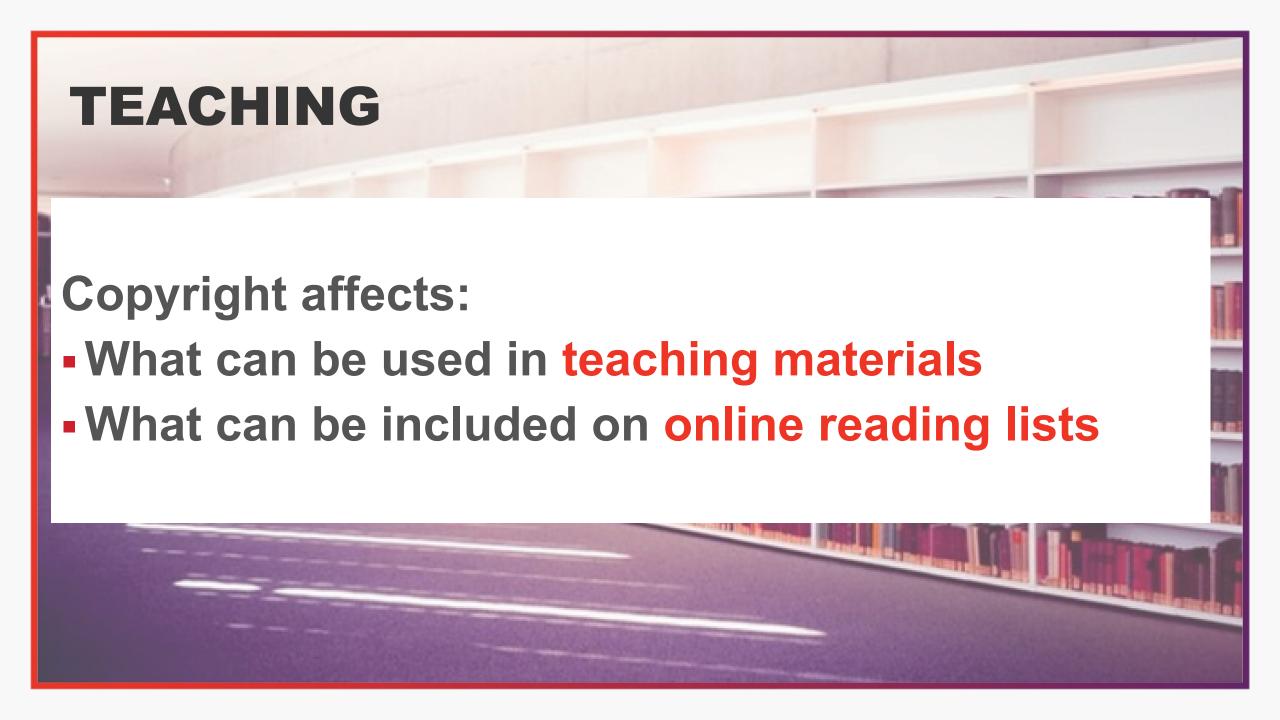
The details of this agreement can differ a lot from publisher to publisher, so do read the copyright agreement before signing.

- Assign copyright = publisher now owns the work (but author usually gets royalties/payment)
- Exclusive rights = author usually keep copyright but is not allowed to publish or disseminate their work elsewhere
- Non-exclusive rights = dissemination is allowed, but re-publishing is usually not

OPEN ACCESS MONOGRAPHS

Same concept as Open Access journals





TEACHING

- CLA licence for Higher Education
- Covers copying from books, journals and magazines
- Allows copying of up to 10% or one chapter (whichever is greater)
- Copies can be shared with students and staff
- We report all materials copied under the terms of this licence

TEACHING

- ERA licence for Higher Education
- Staff and students can record or make copies of programmes for educational use
- Allows programmes or clips to be shared on VLEs and embedded in presentations
- Allows us to subscribe to BoB

TEACHING

- Copyright Exceptions Section 32:
 Illustration for instruction
- Materials can be used where the sole purpose is instruction
- Open to interpretation
- The usual "fair dealing" questions apply
- When in doubt, get in touch!



